

初二年级暑期精编教案部分参考答案

第一讲

中考词汇讲解

1. a piece of 2. accident 3. a couple of 4. according to 5. accurate
6. address 7. adult 8. abroad

第二讲

练一练 1: (划线提问)

1. Who 2. What 3. What 4. Whose 5. Which 6. What 7. Who 8. What
9. Who/Whom
10. Which one 11. How many 12. How much 13. What time 14. Where 15. How
16. Why 17. How long 18. How long 19. How long 20. How long 21. How
many times
22. How often 23. How soon 24. How far 25. how fast 26. How old 27. How
much 28. What day 29. What 30. What 31. What, like 32. How late / Until
when

练一练 2: (用 a 或 an 填空)

- 1, an 2, an 3, an 4, an 5, a 6, an 7, a 8, a 9, an 10, an 11, an 12, a
13, an
14, an 15, an 16, an 17, an 18, a 19, an 20, a 21, a 22, a 23, an

中考词汇讲解

1. advertisements 2. add 3. active...activities 4. advice 5. addition
6. actresses 7. ability

阅读答案

第三讲

中考词汇讲解

1. accepts 2. across 3. actually 4. accidents 5. above 6.
addresses 7. advantages 8. able

第四讲

练一练 1: (写出下列动词的第三人称单数形式)

1. has 2. goes 3. flies 4. closes 5. takes 6. washes 7. teaches 8. mixes
9. crosses
10. enjoys

练一练 2:

1. go 2. Do, read, don't 3. don't have 4. has, doesn't 5. Does, like, does 6. goes
7. do, have

中考词汇讲解

1. alive 2. again 3. allow...to... 4. Could...buy / afford 5. agree with / see eye to eye

阅读练习 (01) KEY: 1-5 ADBCC

第五讲

I 1 D 2 F 3 A 4 J 5 L

6 I 7 G 8 H 9 B 10 K
11 C 12 E

II 1 gone 2 quietly 3 gate 4 postcard 5 strange

6 theft 7 just 8 report

III 1 dealing with 2 put the phone down 3 held out 4 ran away

5 Well done 6 happened to 7 afraid of 8 stood around

9 going on 10 got off

中考词汇讲解

1. alarm 2. at the airport 3. almost 4. get along with 5. after 6. against 7. at the age of 8. one after another

阅读练习 (03) KEY: 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. D

第六讲

练一练 2: (动词填空)

1. Did, hear; Yes, heard 2. Did, help; No, helped 3. Did, go; No, didn't go

4. Did, meet; Yes, met

练一练 3: 1. left, didn't 2. didn't become 3. Did, have, didn't 4. was

中考词汇讲解

1. arranged 2. arrived 3. automatic 4. attractive 5. attracted 6. artists 7. argued 8. attention

阅读练习 (05) KEY: 1. D 2. B 3. A 4. D 5. C

第七讲

I 1 C 2 B 3 I 4 K 5 J
6 D 7 A 8 L 9 H 10 G
11 E 12 F

II 1 percentage 2 electronic 3 multiply 4 instructions 5 add

6 accurate 7 invented 8 powerful 9 international

10 developed

III 1 in different ways 2 from ... to 3 in ancient times

4 At least 5 like lightning 6 so ... that 7 in a flash

8 in his lifetime 9 square root 10 give an answer

- V
- 1 He goes out at least once a week.
 - 2 We can work out the Maths problem in many different ways.
 - 3 We often count numbers in tens.
 - 4 It is so hot today that I prefer to stay at home.
 - 5 We are going to stay in Australia for a whole month.
 - 6 Simon is an Australian football player with a powerful body.
 - 7 Nowadays, people can drive trains and fly planes with computers.

首字母填空

92-98 changed, much, team, important, Besides, easily, successful

第八讲

练一练 1: (写出下列数词)

1) three hundred and sixty-five 2) five thousand four hundred and thirty-two

练一练 2: (容易写错的序数词)

first, second, third, fourth, fifth, ninth, twelfth, fourteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first,

ninety-ninth, a hundredth, a thousandth, millionth

练一练 5: (改写句子)

1. Don't give me your homework, Ben.
2. Please don't turn off your mobile phones.
3. Don't be quiet, girls!

中考词汇讲解

1. attacked 2. average 3. attitudes 4. assistant 5. asking 6. around
7. at 8. article

阅读练习 (08) KEY: 1. B 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. D

第九讲

Part 2

V. 22—26 ACCCD 27—31 ADAAB 32—36 CBBDA

VI. 37—42 FDCGEB

VII. 43. successfully 44. powerful 45. decide 46. sixties 47. invention

VIII. 48. will you 49. Did, set 50. When did 51. so, that 52. The computer only took fifty seconds to calculate the answer.

中考词汇讲解

1. as well as 2. as well 3. have anything 4. reached / arrived in

阅读理解

A

文章大意：性格主要由先天和后天环境两方面影响形成，本文主要介绍了后天环境影响的三个主要方面：家庭、学校和社会。

1. comes when it comes to 固定短语“当提到……”。
2. includes 包括。
3. shy open 的反义词：害羞。
4. follow 孩子会追随、效仿父母。
5. way 家庭教育的方式及孩子在家庭中的地位会极大地影响孩子的性格。
6. types 种类。
7. how 表示方式，老师怎样教学生也会影响学生的

性格。

8. suitable be suitable for 适合。
9. creative 艺术家需要创造力，所以这里填 creative 较合适。
10. strong 强的。指长期从事这些工作会形成鲜明的个性。

B

文章大意：本文讲述了作者在澳洲旅行时的见闻。

1. good/great 考查词组“have a good/great time 玩得开心”，同义说法还有 enjoy oneself, have fun。
2. much be 动词 is 提示该空为不可数名词。
3. trees 由后文美丽的花联想到高大的树，注意用可数名词复数形式。
4. look 这里作系动词，构成主系表的结构，意为“看上去”，类似的系动词还有 sound, taste, smell。
5. animals 下文举例袋鼠和考拉，所以此处为动物。
6. places 名胜古迹“places of interest”，类似说法还有“tourist attraction”。
7. fly “乘飞机”，也可用 go to sp. by plane/air 来表达。
8. describe 根据文意，语言无法描述珊瑚的美丽，description 为名词形式。
9. busy be busy doing sth. 忙于做某事。
10. ourselves 反身代词复数。

第十讲

中考词汇讲解

1. takes an active part in
2. not to accept this job
3. to achieve success
4. take / follow the doctor's advice
5. from home and abroad
6. talking about how they spent their weekend.
7. has become the most popular outdoor activity.

第十一讲

练一练 1：（用 one...the other, one...the others, some...others..., other, others 或 another 填空）

1. One, the other
2. the others
3. the other
4. the other
5. others
6. the others
7. other
8. others
9. another

练一练 1：（写出下列可数名词的复数形式）

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| 1, coins | months | | |
| 2, classes | boxes | churches | brushes |
| 3, heroes | potatoes | tomatoes | photos |
| pianos | | | |
| 4, cities | babies | factories | batteries |
| 5, days | boys | toys | |
| 6, shelves | halves | leaves | knives |
| 7, men | women | policewomen | businessmen |
| feet | teeth | children | mice |
| 8, Germans | humans | = | |
| 9, men teachers | | women cooks | |
| 10, sheep | fish | deer | Chinese |

练一练 2：（用 a/an 或 some 填空）

1. a hamburger
2. some chips
3. some coffee
4. a sandwich
5. a salad
6. some orange juice
7. some soup
8. a chicken leg
9. some rice
10. some cola

练一练 1：（用 one...the other, one...the others, some...others..., other, others 或 another 填空）

1. One, the other
2. the others
3. the other
4. the other
5. others
6. the others
7. other

8.others 9.another

中考词汇讲解

1. agents 2. aged 3. allow 4. agreed 5. alive

阅读练习 (09) KEY: 1. B 2. D 3. A 4. C 5. A

第十二讲

I 1 L 2 D 3 B 4 A 5 I
6 J 7 E 8 K 9 H 10 F
11 G 12 C

II 1 favour 2 navigator 3 aliens 4 approached 5 unexplored

6 storeys 7 trust 8 close 9 sprang 10 argue
III 1 brought ... down 2 do me a favour 3 in peace
4 running out of 5 in trouble 6 wrong about 7 in pieces
8 part of 9 close to 10 except that

V 1 Towards evening yesterday, I found a lost puppy in my garden.
2 We spent part of the time cycling in the Century Park.
3 Wendy broke a glass just now and it has been in pieces.
4 I'm running out of money. Could/Can you lend me 20 yuan?
5 Susan lives in a small house close to the mountains.
6 He told us a story about ghosts. It turned our blood to ice.
7 Tom turned to Bill and said, 'Could/Can/Would you (please) do me a favour?'
8 The Great Wall attracts millions of tourists every year.

中考词汇讲解

1. agents 2. aged 3. allow 4. agreed 5. alive

第十三讲

练一练 1: (动词填空)

1.will,leave; will leave 2.will, take; will take 3.will return, will return 4.Will, take

5.Will, be; will 6.Will, be; won't, will be

练一练 2: 1.will be 2.Will, be, will 3.won't be 4.will come 5.will have

练一练 1:

1.doesn't she 2.didn't he 3.don't they 4.doesn't he 5.is it 6.are they

7.mustn't we

8.is it 9.is there 10.can she 11.has she 12.has she 13.is there 14.will he

15.can they

16.weren't I 17.shall we 18.will you 19.will you 20.will you

中考词汇讲解

1. amusing 2. apple 3. animal 4. already 5. amount 6. once
another 7. anywhere 8. ancient

阅读理解:

文章大意:本文说到生活处处都充满着意外,从家里到户外,任何不小心都会造成伤害。我们做什么事情都一定要处处小心。

1. B 文章的开头提到 accidents,这里应想到孩子们“受伤”,get hurt 系表结构。
2. C 下面应该介绍意外怎样发生,用 how 符合题意。
3. C 家庭主妇相当忙碌,才会导致疏忽。
4. A 孩子不小心将锅碰倒,用 push down。
5. A 上文讲到尖利的东西会造成危险,所以应被放置到孩子碰不到的地方,用被动语态。
6. C 被动语态,如果电被开启着,就不要碰电线。
7. A 当人生病时,药物会使得我们感觉好些,用 better。
8. D 前面提到的香蕉、橘子都是水果,我们应想到水果皮会让人滑倒。
9. A 我们不应该随地扔果皮。
10. B 根据题意,我们应对自己做的每件事都要小心,be careful in。

A

文章大意:本文介绍新的交通规则,我们都应遵守交通规则哦!

1. drivers 从后面一句可以推断出新的交通法是对司机和行人双方面的约束。
2. slow 接近行人的时候应该慢下来。slow down 慢下来。
3. stop 如果遇到斑马线,汽车应停下来让行人先走。
4. green 此处 the light 特指 the traffic light。
5. bus 从后面一句可以看出在讲公交车司机。
6. driving while 这里是介词,后面加 ing 形式。
7. against be against the law 违反法律,此处指公交车司机超载属于违法行为。
8. forget 不要忘记系安全带。
9. reward 从上文看出作者鼓励人们举报肇事逃逸者,如果举报,警方会给予一定的奖励。
10. pay 这里表达医生应该及时救死扶伤,尽管病人不能马上付钱。

B

第十四讲

- | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|-----|-----|------|
| I | 1 B | 2 G | 3 I | 4 H | 5 K |
| | 6 J | 7 F | 8 L | 9 D | 10 C |
| | 11 A | 12 E | | | |
- II
- | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1 aimed | 2 attracted | 3 freedom | 4 snoring | 5 crew |
| 6 attacked | 7 immediately | 8 escape | 9 figure | 10 towards |
- III
- | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| 1 too ... to | 2 wake up | 3 aimed ... at | 4 done for | 5 make sure |
| 6 fell asleep | 7 moments later | 8 a little | 9 lie down | 10 one by one |
- V
- 1 It's impolite/not polite to interrupt others.
 - 2 The wall is too high for him to climb (over).
 - 3 I must make sure that Jack is at home now.
 - 4 If you don't finish your homework, you will be done for tomorrow.
 - 5 It's difficult for old people to fall asleep sometimes.
 - 6 Finally, we are all out of middle school.
 - 7 Wilbur Wright climbed into the plane and started the engine. The plane flew into the sky.
 - 8 A few moments later, all the people escaped through the door to safety.

中考词汇讲解

1. amusement 2. ambition 3. amazing 4. appear 5. apologized 6.

angrily

第十五讲

练一练 1: 1.some 2.any 3.any 4.some

练一练 2: (选择填空) 1-10 AADCB CAACB 11-12BA

练一练 3:

1.What a 2.What 3.What 4.How 5.How 6.What 7.What a

练一练 4: (改写句子)

1. What an 2. How, funny 3. How , works 4. What an 5. How attractive
6. How excited

中考词汇讲解

1. apologize 2. anything 3. answer 4. another 5. amounts 6.
appeared 7. among 8. although

阅读练习 (11) KEY: 1. C 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. D

阅读练习 (12) KEY: 1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. D

阅读练习 (13) KEY: 1. B 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. C

第十六讲

Part 2

V. 22—26 BADAC 27—31 ADCAD 32—36 BCDBA

VI. 37—42 ACDBEG

VII. 43. lucky 44. impossible 45. invitation 46. harmful 47. discussion

VIII. 48. Did, have 49. How long 50. to start 51. Neither, nor 52. It is very interesting
to make a snowman.

中考词汇讲解

1. altogether 2. one another 3. apologize to 4. but also 5. as well
(另)

1. away 2. balloons 3. bank 4. background 5. bag 6. best 7.
based on 8. back